
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product identifier : TRIMGW/AL
Product name : TRIM #11 GLOSS WHITE HIGH BUILD TOPCOAT AEROSOL
Product type : Aerosol.
Appearance : Aerosol.
Other means of identification : Not available.
Date of issue/ Date of revision : 19 February 2026
Version : 1.07
Date of previous issue : 29 January 2026

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Coating component.
Uses advised against : Not for sale to or use by consumers.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

U-POL NETHERLANDS B.V,
DE GEER 14,
4004LT TIEL,
NETHERLANDS
+31 20 240 2216
sds-competence@axalta.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : sds-competence@axalta.com

National contact

U-POL LTD,
DENINGTON ROAD,
WELLINGBOROUGH,
NN8 2QH
+44 (0) 1933 230310
sds-competence@axalta.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : 010-456 6700 (9:00-17:00);112

Supplier

+(44)-870-8200418

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

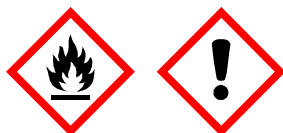
Ingredients of unknown toxicity : 32.5 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Contains : methyl acetate

Hazard statements : H222, H229 - Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P261 - Avoid breathing dust or mist.
P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage : P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Disposal : Not applicable.

Supplemental label elements : EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Type |
|---|---|-----------|--|---|---------|
| LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS UNDER PRESSURE | REACH #: 01-2119485911-31 EC: 270-704-2 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 | - | [1] |
| methyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119459211-47 EC: 201-185-2 CAS: 79-20-9 Index: 607-021-00-X | ≥25 - ≤50 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | - | [1] [2] |
| n-butyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 | ≥10 - ≤25 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066 | - | [1] [2] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 | <2.5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | - | [1] |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | REACH #: 01-2119555267-33 EC: 905-562-9 CAS: -- | ≤3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l | [1] |
| cyclohexanone | REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7 | <3 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 | ATE [Oral] = 1800 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 8000 ppm | [1] [2] |
| 2-butoxyethanol | REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0 | <1 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l | [1] [2] |

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

Hazardous combustion products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling : Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection
Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|----------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P3a | 150 tonnes | 500 tonnes |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|--|---|
| methyle acetate | REACH #: 01-2119459211-47 EC: 201-185-2 CAS: 79-20-9 Index: 607-021-00-X | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 450 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 300 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 900 mg/m ³ . |
| n-butyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [butyl acetate] TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. |
| cyclohexanone | REACH #: 01-2119453616-35 EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7 | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 41 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 81 mg/m ³ . EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 40.8 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 20 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 81.6 mg/m ³ . |
| 2-butoxyethanol | REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0 | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m ³ . EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 98 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 246 mg/m ³ . |

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

methyl acetate

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

21.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

21.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

43 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

64 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

133 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

203 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

203 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

620 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

3777 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

3777 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

n-butyl acetate

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

11 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

3.4 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

11 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

12 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

35.7 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

600 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

cyclohexanone

151 mg/m³Effects: Systemic**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal**

12.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation**32 mg/m³Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal**

7.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral**

7.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation**

9.8 ppm

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal**

1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal**

1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral**

1.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral**

1.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation**2.55 mg/m³Effects: Systemic**DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal**

4 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal**

4 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic**DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation**5 mg/m³Effects: Systemic**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation**10 mg/m³

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-butoxyethanol

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

10 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

20 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

20 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

20 ppm

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

6.3 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

26.7 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

59 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

98 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

147 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

246 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

426 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1091 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name

Result

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

n-butyl acetate

Soil
0.09 mg/kg

Fresh water
0.18 mg/l

Sewage Treatment Plant
35.6 mg/l

Marine water
0.018 mg/l

Fresh water sediment
0.981 mg/kg

Marine water sediment
0.098 mg/kg

cyclohexanone

Fresh water
0.0329 mg/l

Marine water
0.0329 mg/l

2-butoxyethanol

Sewage Treatment Plant
463 mg/l

Soil
2.33 mg/kg

Marine water sediment
3.46 mg/kg

Marine water
0.88 mg/l

Fresh water
8.8 mg/l

Fresh water sediment
34.6 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

- : Duration / breakthrough time: <1 hour,
- Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber, material thickness as splash protection: at least 0.2 mm, (EN374)
- Glove material: NBR, nitrile rubber Material thickness for short-term contact: at least 0.5 mm, (EN374)

The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

Expert judgment

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

- : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection

- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

- : If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
A management program to ensure safe use including proper fitting, training on handling, duration of use, cleaning and replacement of respirators must be in place.
Recommended:
EN 140 filter mask with AXP3 or ABEK2P3 filter according to EN 14387 or pressurized air respirator according to EN 14594.
Depending on the risk assessment of the workplace, other respirator types might be selected.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Environmental exposure controls

- : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : White. |
| Odour | : Characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Technically not possible to measure |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | : Not applicable. |
| Flammability | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | : Lower: 1.2% Upper: 16% |
| Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -60°C |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : 280°C |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not applicable. |
| pH | : Not applicable. |
| Justification | : Product is non-polar/aprotic. |
| Viscosity | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C): Not available. |
| Vapour pressure | 51.8 kPa (1138.6 mm Hg) |
| Density | : 0.745 g/cm ³ |
| Weight volatiles | : 86.9 % (w/w) |
| VOC content | : 86.8 % (w/w) (2010/75/EU) |

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Heat of combustion : 27.93 kJ/g

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Further information Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Miscible with water : Yes.

Further information Not available.

room temperature (=20°C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|-------------------------|--|
| methyl acetate | Rat - Oral - LD50 >5 g/kg |
| - | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >5 g/kg |
| n-butyl acetate | Rat - Oral - LD50 10768 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver - Other changes |
| - | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| | |
|---|---|
| | >17600 mg/kg |
| - | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 21.1 mg/l [4 hours] |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | Rat - Female - Oral - LD50 3492 mg/kg OECD 401 |
| - | Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >3160 mg/kg OECD 402 |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | Rat - Male, Female - Oral - LD50 3523 mg/kg EU B.1 |
| - | Rabbit - Male - Dermal - LD50 12126 mg/kg EU B.1 |
| - | Rat - Male - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 6350 ppm [4 hours] EU B.2 |
| cyclohexanone | Rat - Oral - LD50 1800 mg/kg |
| - | Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. 8000 ppm [4 hours] |
| 2-butoxyethanol | Rat - Oral - LD50 917 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other hemolysis with or without anemia |
| - | Rat - Dermal - LD50 2010 mg/kg |

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| mixture | 116232.1 | 33498.5 | 348696.4 | 172.3 | N/A |
| n-butyl acetate | 10768 | N/A | N/A | 21.1 | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | 3492 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | 3523 | 1100 | N/A | 11 | N/A |
| cyclohexanone | 1800 | 1100 | 8000 | N/A | N/A |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 1200 | 2010 | N/A | 3 | N/A |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

methyl acetate

Result**Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant**Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 500 mg

-

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritantDuration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 20 mg

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Rabbit - Skin - Irritant

EU B.4

Duration of treatment/exposure: 4 hoursObservation period: 7 days

cyclohexanone

Human - Skin - Mild irritantDuration of treatment/exposure: 48 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 50 %

-

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritantAmount/concentration applied: 500 mg

-

Rabbit - Skin - Irritant

OECD [Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion]

2-butoxyethanol

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritantAmount/concentration applied: 500 mg**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

methyl acetate

Result**Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant**Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 100 mg

cyclohexanone

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritantDuration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 250 ug

-

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritantAmount/concentration applied: 20 mg

2-butoxyethanol

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritantDuration of treatment/exposure: 24 hoursAmount/concentration applied: 100 mg**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--|
| methyl acetate | STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) |
| n-butyl acetate | STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) |
| - | STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) |
| cyclohexanone | STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|-----------------|
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | STOT RE 2, H373 |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

- General** : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name

methyl acetate

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*
Age: 28 to 32 days; Size: 17.5 mm; Weight: 0.087 g
320 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

n-butyl acetate

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Inland silverside - *Menidia beryllina*
185 ppm [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

Acute - LC50

OECD 203
Fish - Trout - *Oncorhynchus mykiss*
9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Acute - LC50

Fish
2.6 mg/l [96 hours]

-

Acute - EC50

Daphnia
6.14 mg/l [48 hours]

cyclohexanone

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*
Age: 30 days; Size: 20.2 mm; Weight: 0.127 g
527 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

-

Chronic - EC10

Algae - Green algae - *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* -
Exponential growth phase
Age: 7 days
3.56 mg/l [72 hours]
Effect: Population

-

Acute - EC50

Algae - Green algae - *Chlamydomonas reinhardtii* -
Exponential growth phase
Age: 7 days
32.9 mg/l [72 hours]
Effect: Population

SECTION 12: Ecological information

2-butoxyethanol

Acute - LC50 - Marine waterCrustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - *Crangon crangon*

800 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

-

Acute - LC50 - Marine waterFish - Inland silverside - *Menidia beryllina*

1250 ppm [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Product/ingredient name**

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE

Result**Aerobic**

OECD 301F

94% [28 days]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | - | - | Readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------------------|------|-----------|
| methyl acetate | 0.18 | - | Low |
| n-butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | Low |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | - | 25.9 | Low |
| cyclohexanone | 0.86 | - | Low |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 0.81 | - | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil**Soil/water partition coefficient**

| Product/ingredient name | logK _{oc} | K _{oc} |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| methyl acetate | 0.9 | 7.88083 |
| n-butyl acetate | 1.5 | 33.2139 |
| cyclohexanone | 1.8 | 63.2873 |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 1.8 | 67.3685 |

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

SECTION 12: Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | PMT | P | M | T | vPvM | vP | vM |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS UNDER PRESSURE | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| methyl acetate | No | N/A | Yes | No | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| n-butyl acetate | No | N/A | Yes | No | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | N/A | N/A | N/A | Yes | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| cyclohexanone | No | N/A | Yes | No | N/A | N/A | Yes |
| 2-butoxyethanol | No | N/A | Yes | No | N/A | N/A | Yes |

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS UNDER PRESSURE | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| methyl acetate | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n-butyl acetate | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | No | N/A | No | Yes | No | N/A | No |
| cyclohexanone | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-butoxyethanol | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| Product/ingredient name | PBT | P | B | T | vPvB | vP | vB |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-----|
| LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS UNDER PRESSURE | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| methyl acetate | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n-butyl acetate | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | No | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE, M-XYLENE AND PXYLENE | No | N/A | No | Yes | No | N/A | No |
| cyclohexanone | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2-butoxyethanol | No | N/A | N/A | No | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Disposal considerations : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.





Disposal considerations : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

| Type of packaging | European waste catalogue (EWC) | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| CEPE Guidelines | 15 01 10* | packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances |

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | Aerosols, flammable |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 2  | 2  | 2.1  | 2.1  |
| 14.4 Packing group | - | - | - | - |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Tunnel code** (D)
 Marine pollutant : Not available.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable.

The actual shipping description for this product may vary based several factors including, but not limited to, the volume of material, size of the container, mode of transport and use of exemptions or exceptions found in the applicable regulations. The information provided in Section 14 is one possible shipping description for this product. Consult your shipping specialist or supplier for appropriate assignment information.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | % | Designation [Usage] |
|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| mixture | ≥90 | 3 |

Labelling : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

Industrial use : The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10) : 1

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

CEPE code : 1

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

- ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- B = Bioaccumulative
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
- DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
- DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
- EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IMO = International Maritime Organization
- M = Mobile
- N/A = Not available
- P = Persistent
- PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- PMT = Persistent, Mobile and Toxic
- PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- RRN = REACH Registration Number
- SGG = Segregation Group
- T = Toxic
- vB = Very Bioaccumulative
- vM = Very Mobile
- vP = Very Persistent
- vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- vPvM = Very Persistent and Very Mobile

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|--|---|
| Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 | On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| H220 H222, H229 | Extremely flammable gas. Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated. |
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H280 | Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H318 | Causes serious eye damage. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 |
| Aerosol 1 | AEROSOLS - Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Eye Dam. 1 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| Flam. Gas 1A | FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A |
| Flam. Liq. 2 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 |
| Press. Gas (Liq.) | GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Liquefied gas |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 |
| STOT RE 2 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3 | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 |

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Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

This product is intended for industrial use only.

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